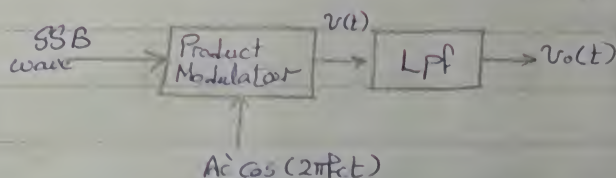




## \* Demodulation of SSB +

### ① Coherent Detector

Product modulator & LPF



this signal must be coherent "same  $f$  and phase as the carrier in the SSB wave" for accurate detection.

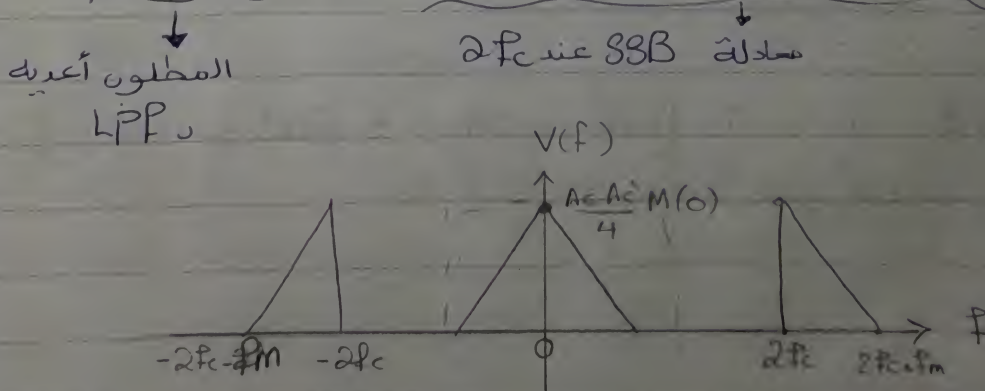
$$v(t) = s(t) * A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$

$$v(t) = \frac{A_c}{2} \cdot A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t) [m(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t) \pm \hat{m}(t) \sin(2\pi f_c t)]$$

$$= \frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{2} [m(t) \cdot \cos^2(2\pi f_c t) \pm \hat{m}(t) \sin(2\pi f_c t) \cos(2\pi f_c t)]$$

$$= \frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{2} \left[ \frac{m(t)}{2} (1 + \cos(4\pi f_c t)) \pm \frac{\hat{m}(t)}{2} [\sin(0) + \sin(4\pi f_c t)] \right]$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{4} m(t)}_{\text{المطلوب أعيد LPF}} + \underbrace{\frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{4} [m(t) \cos(4\pi f_c t) \pm \hat{m}(t) \sin(4\pi f_c t)]}_{2f_c \text{ و } 3f_c \text{ و } 5f_c \text{ و } \dots}$$



$$\therefore v_o(t) = \frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{4} m(t)$$

If the oscillator's signal  $A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t)$  subjected



### ① Freq. shift

$$A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t) \rightarrow A_c \cos(2\pi (f_c + \Delta f) t)$$

$$\therefore v(t) = \frac{A_c}{2} \cdot A_c \cos(2\pi (f_c + \Delta f) t) \cdot [m(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t) \pm \hat{m}(t) \sin(2\pi f_c t)]$$

$$= \frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{2} \left[ \frac{m(t)}{2} \cdot [\cos(2\pi \Delta f t) + \underbrace{\cos(4\pi f_c t + 2\pi \Delta f t)}_{\text{rejected by LPF}}] \right.$$

$$\left. \pm \frac{\hat{m}(t)}{2} [\sin(-2\pi \Delta f t) + \underbrace{\sin(4\pi f_c t + 2\pi \Delta f t)}_{\text{rejected by LPF}}] \right]$$

$$\cdot \sin A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A-B) + \sin(A+B)]$$

$$\therefore v_o(t) = \frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{4} \cdot [m(t) \cos(2\pi \Delta f t) \mp \hat{m}(t) \sin(2\pi \Delta f t)] \quad \text{SSB signal} \rightarrow$$

### ② Phase shift

$$A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t) \rightarrow A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi)$$

$$\therefore v(t) = \frac{A_c}{2} \cdot A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi) \cdot [m(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t) \pm \hat{m}(t) \sin(2\pi f_c t)]$$

$$= \frac{A_c \cdot A_c}{2} \left[ \frac{m(t)}{2} (\cos(\phi) + \underbrace{\cos(4\pi f_c t + \phi)}_{\text{rejected by LPF}}) \pm \frac{\hat{m}(t)}{2} (\sin(-\phi) + \underbrace{\sin(4\pi f_c t + \phi)}_{\text{rejected by LPF}}) \right]$$

$$v_o(t) = \frac{A_c A_c}{4} [m(t) \cos \phi \mp \hat{m}(t) \sin(\phi)] \rightarrow \text{SSB signal}$$

So  $m(t)$  can't be detected